

平成 27 年度 一次入学試験問題 「英語」

※答えはすべて解答用紙に記入しなさい

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受験番号	氏名

1 次の問題 A、問題 B に答えなさい。

問題 A 次の各組で、下線部の発音が他の三つと異なるものはどれですか。一つ答えなさい。

- ① (1) large (2) birthday (3) first (4) early
 ② (1) light (2) hill (3) build (4) interested

問題 B 次の各組で、最も強いアクセント（第一強勢）のある位置が他の三つと異なるものはどれですか。一つ答えなさい。

- ① (1) gui-tar (2) e-vent (3) home-work (4) be-long
 ② (1) com-put-er (2) vi-o-lin (3) mu-si-cian (4) Oc-to-ber

2 次の①～⑩の [] に適当な英語を入れ、それぞれが自然な英文になるようにしなさい。ただし、①～⑦では(1)～(4)から最も適当なものを選び、⑧～⑩では最も適当な英語 1 語を書きなさい。

- ① It was very cold yesterday, so I could not go out. But it [] fine and warm today, so I will go shopping.
 (1) am (2) is (3) are (4) was
- ② My teacher told me about the test. I am very happy [] that I passed it.
 (1) to hear (2) hear (3) hears (4) hearing
- ③ When Naoko's friends came to her house, she stopped [] a book and went to the front door.
 (1) reads (2) reading (3) to read (4) read
- ④ Brazil is a country [] I want to visit now. It will have the Olympic Games in 2016.
 (1) which (2) who (3) where (4) what
- ⑤ Tomohiro is going to have a party next Sunday. I [] by him two days ago, so I will enjoy it.
 (1) inviting (2) is invited (3) invited (4) was invited
- ⑥ Kazu went to Aomori when he was five, nine and thirteen years old. So he [] there three times.
 (1) have be (2) was been (3) has been (4) is been
- ⑦ My son and daughter grow taller every year. She is 158 cm tall, but he is 165 cm tall now and I am 165 cm tall, too. So I am [] he.
 (1) the tallest of (2) taller than (3) as tall as (4) shorter than ※cm センチメートル
- ⑧ A: Are you free on Sunday? I am going to visit Okayama city to see my uncle. Will you go with me?
 B: I'm sorry, I can't. I have to take [] of my sisters on that day.
 A: That's OK. But he will be happy, if I take my friends to his house. Let's go together next time.
 B: Sure. Thank you for inviting me.
- ⑨ A: What's wrong? Was there anything at school?
 B: I have to read my essay as homework for my class. ※essay 作文
 A: If you practice reading it before us, you can do well.
 B: OK. I see. I think I can speak well in [] of many students.
- ⑩ A: Hello?
 B: Hi. This is Naoto. May I speak to Emi?
 A: Sorry, she is out now. Do you want her to call you back later?
 B: Well, I have to go on a trip from now. Can I [] a message for her?

3 次の英文はイギリスから鹿児島県の高校に留学している Mary (メアリー) がクラスメイトの Haruki と上野原遺跡を訪れた際の会話の一部と、メアリーが帰宅後に書いた日記である。①～⑥に答えなさい。

- Haruki : In 1986 they found the ruins of a Jomon village at the top of this hill. Those ruins are 9,500 years old.
Mary : Wow, they are (ア) than Stonehenge in England. We are proud of it, but it's only 5,000 years old.
Haruki : I have seen a picture of Stonehenge in my English class before. It is a big stone circle. I learned that many of the stones are much taller than a man.
Mary : That's right. Most of the stones are 4 or 5 meters tall. But no one knows who made it or why it was built.
Haruki : That's strange! Oh, here we are. This is Uenohara Ruins.
Mary : Oh, are those houses people lived in? They look like acorns. Are those houses 9,500 years old?
Haruki : Yes, people lived in them then, but these houses are restorations.
Mary : Look. What was this hole used for?
Haruki : It's a smoking hole. (イ) They made smoked meat to eat and to keep well.
Mary : Smoked meat? Jomon people already knew a good way of cooking meat. It's interesting. What else did they eat? How about rice?
Haruki : They didn't know how to grow rice then. They ate fish, and food they could get from the forest.
Mary : Fish? At the top of this hill? That's strange.
Haruki : Yes, strange. But I have heard from my father that the low places in Kirishima were under the sea in those days. They could get fish near here.
Mary : Wow! There are many strange things in the world. (ウ) The Earth is always changing.

メアリーの日記

I went to Uenohara Ruins in Kirishima city with my classmate, Haruki today. I am very proud of Stonehenge in my country and I thought it was the oldest ruins in the world. But Stonehenge is much younger than Uenohara Ruins. Though Stonehenge is 5,000 years old, Uenohara Ruins is 9,500 years old. I was really surprised at many things there. There are a few restored houses like acorns there. They are very different from our houses. Next, there is a hole in the ruins. I thought it was a toilet, but it was a smoking hole. Smoked meat (エ) there. The most surprising thing is that people got fish in the forest. At first I didn't understand the meaning of getting fish in the forest. But Haruki told me that the low places in the city were under the sea a long time ago. In the world, there are a lot of things which I don't know.

[注] ruins 遺跡 Jomon 縄文 Stonehenge ストーンヘンジ (イギリスにある巨大な石を円形に組んで作られた遺跡)
meter メートル Uenohara Ruins 上野原遺跡 (鹿児島県霧島市の森の中にある遺跡) acorn ドングリ
restoration 復元したもの restored 復元された toilet トイレ be surprised at ～～に驚く surprising 驚くべき

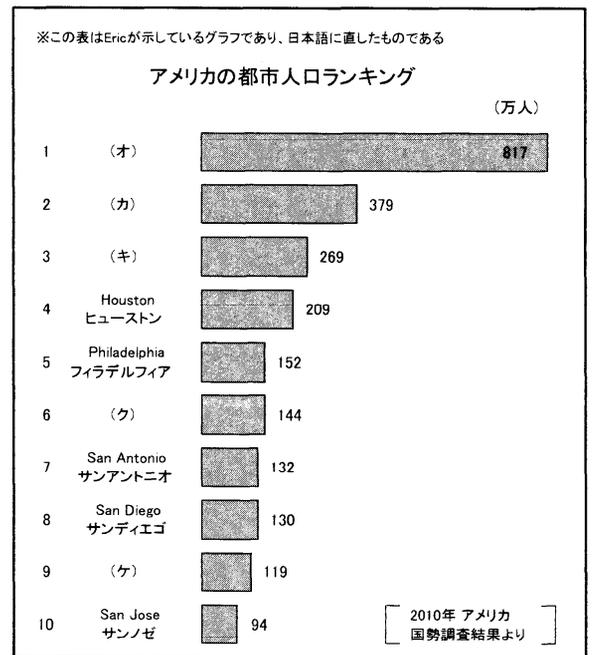
- ① (ア) に入れるのに最も適当な英語 1 語を書きなさい。
② (イ) に入れるのに最も適当なのは(1)～(4)のうちではどれですか。一つ答えなさい。
(1) Jomon people liked smoking.
(2) The guidebook says that the hole was used to cook.
(3) Jomon people went into the hole and slept in it.
(4) This hole was used as a toilet.
③ 英文をもとに次の文の () に適当な日本語を入れて、縄文時代の人々が米を食べなかった理由を説明しなさい。
縄文時代の人々は () ため。
④ 英文をもとに下線部 (ウ) の例を具体的に日本語で挙げなさい。
⑤ メアリーの日記の内容と合っているのは(1)～(5)のうちではどれですか。一つ答えなさい。
(1) メアリーは上野原遺跡が世界で最古の遺跡だと思っていた。
(2) メアリーは上野原遺跡がストーンヘンジより 4500 年も古いことに驚いている。
(3) メアリーは遺跡の家が復元されたものだと知ってさらに驚いている。
(4) メアリーは上野原遺跡では薫製の肉が食べられていたことを知っていた。
(5) メアリーはまたこの遺跡を訪れたいと思っている。
⑥ (エ) を含む 1 文が会話の内容を表すように (エ) に適当な 2 語以上の英語を書きなさい。

4 次の英文は、旅行の計画をしている Eric が、アメリカに留学している同級生の Nao と交わしている会話の一部である。①～⑤に答えなさい。

Nao : Hi, Eric? What are you doing here? Are you doing your homework or something?
 Eric : Oh, hi, Nao. I'm reading a bus timetable. I'm thinking of a bus trip from New York to Los Angeles.
 Nao : That's nice! (ア)
 Eric : During the summer vacation. So I have to make a plan to get a ticket and book a hotel room now.
 Nao : Great. But I think a bus trip takes a long time. Does it take you a week to go to Los Angeles?
 Eric : No. It does not take seven days. If we go there directly, it takes only three days.
 Nao : I see. But it is faster to go there by plane, isn't it?
 Eric : Yes. That's true. (イ)
 Nao : What are they?
 Eric : On the way to Los Angeles, I am going to stop over and visit different places. (ウ)
 Nao : That is interesting. Where are you going to visit on the way?
 Eric : Look at this graph. It shows the top 10 most populous cities in the United States. I am really interested in big cities because they have so many people and things to see. New York is the most populous city and the city which has the bus terminal is the second populous. In this trip, I am going to visit Phoenix and Chicago. Phoenix has more people than Dallas and Chicago is the next of Los Angeles. But I will visit all the cities of this graph until I am twenty years old. Oh, I can't wait for the summer vacation.
 Nao : (エ)
 Eric : Never. This is my first bus trip.

[注] timetable 時刻表 book 予約する directly 直行して stop over 途中下車する populous 人口の多い terminal 終点

- ① 前後の文脈を考えて (ア) と (エ) に入る英文を作りなさい。
 ② 前後の文脈から考えて (イ) と (ウ) に入るのに最も適当なのは、(1)～(6)のうちではどれですか。一つずつ答えなさい。
 (1) It is also fun to meet people living in different cities.
 (2) Plane trips are better than bus trips.
 (3) Getting there by bus is hard in the summer.
 (4) But there are some good things about a bus trip.
 (5) But I hope to make the trips short.
 (6) But I like to talk with people in Chicago and Phoenix.
 ③ 下線部のように Eric が交通手段としてバスを選んだ理由を英文の会話の内容をもとに「～から」で終わる日本語で答えなさい。
 ④ 英文の内容から右のグラフの (オ)～(ケ) にはどの都市が入るか、適当なものを(1)～(5)のうちから一つずつ答えなさい。
 (1) Dallas (ダラス) (2) Phoenix (フェニックス) (3) Chicago (シカゴ)
 (4) New York (ニューヨーク) (5) Los Angeles (ロサンゼルス)
 ⑤ 英文を見て次の文の (コ) には数字を、(サ) には適当な日本語を入れなさい。
 Eric は夏休みを利用して (コ) つの都市 (出発都市も数えなさい) を訪れる予定で、その都市を選んだ理由は (サ) からだ。



5 次の英文を読んで、①～④に答えなさい。

In New York, Paris, Tokyo, Singapore, and thousands of other cities around the world, new fast food restaurants are opened every day. Fast food restaurants are becoming more and more popular. If people go to ordinary restaurants, they can sit quietly at a table and wait for food which is served by a waiter. Why do people like fast food restaurants better than ordinary restaurants?

Two things make fast food restaurants popular. Speed and price. People's time is valuable. They may have only thirty minutes for lunch. They don't want to spend a lot of time eating or waiting for food to be served. The service at fast food restaurants is fast, so they can order the food which they want, eat and finish it in about fifteen minutes. And the prices are not high. Because of a lot of meals sold every day in fast food restaurants, the costs are low. Over 35,000,000,000 hamburgers are sold every year in the United States alone! Another thing people like is that they know how the food tastes. Major international fast food companies like McDonald's sell hamburgers of the same taste at all their stores in New York, London, Tokyo, and other cities in the world.

Critics of fast food say that such food like hamburgers contains too much salt, carbohydrates, and fats. Taking in too much of them is bad for our health. But one thing everyone knows is that people like fast food and find that eating fast food is convenient and economical.

[注] more and more ますます ordinary 普通の serve (食事を) 出す valuable 貴重な cost 経費 major international 国際的に主要な same 同じ critics 批評家 contain 含んでいる too much～ 大量の～ carbohydrates 炭水化物 fat 脂肪 take in 摂取する health 健康 economical 経済的な

- ① ordinary restaurants が fast food restaurants に比べ、好まれない理由を英文の内容をもとに「～から」で終わる日本語で答えなさい。
 ② 下線部の理由を英文の内容をもとに「～から」で終わる日本語で答えなさい。
 ③ 英文の内容をもとに、fast food に関する次の文章について (ウ) に7語の英語を書きなさい。
 Though fast food (ウ), it is convenient and economical.
 ④ 英文の内容と合っているのは、(1)～(5)のうちではどれですか。一つ答えなさい。
 (1) People can sit quietly at a table at fast food restaurants.
 (2) People want to spend more than 30 minutes for lunch, because their time is valuable.
 (3) Major fast food restaurants serve the same food everywhere in the world.
 (4) The food served by ordinary restaurants doesn't have any salt, carbohydrate, and fat.
 (5) Critics don't have hamburgers because fast food has too much fats.

平成27年度 一次入学試験 解答用紙 「英語」

受験番号	氏名

※

1 A ① ② ※

B ① ② ※

2 ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ※

⑧ I have to take of my sisters on that day. ※

⑨ I think I can speak well in of many students. ※

⑩ Can I a message for her? ※

3 ① ② ※

③ 縄文時代の人々は ため ※

④ ※

⑤ ⑥ Smoked meat there. ※

4 ① (ア) ※

(エ) ※

② (イ) (ウ) ※

③ ※

④ (オ) (カ) (キ) (ク) (ケ) ※

⑤ Ericは夏休みを利用して (コ) つの都市を訪れる予定で、その都市を選んだ理由は ※

(サ) からだ。 ※

5 ① ※

② ※

③ Though fast food , ※

it is convenient and economical.

④ ※

平成27年度 一次入学試験 解答用紙 「英語」

受験番号	氏名

※

1 A ① 1 ② 1 ※

B ① 3 ② 2 ※

2 ① 2 ② 1 ③ 2 ④ 1 ⑤ 4 ⑥ 3 ⑦ 3 ※

⑧ I have to take care of my sisters on that day. ※

⑨ I think I can speak well in front of many students. ※

⑩ Can I leave a message for her? ※

3 ① older ② 2 ※

③ 縄文時代の人々は その当時、米の育て方（稲の栽培の方法）がわからなかった ため ※

④ 霧島市の低い場所はその当時、海の下にあった ※

⑤ 2 ⑥ Smoked meat was made [was cooked] there. ※

4 ① (ア) When are you going to make [take / go on] the trip? ※

(エ) Have you ever had a [any] bus trip? ※

② (イ) 4 (ウ) 1 ※

③ ロサンゼルスに行く途中、途中下車をして、いろいろな場所を訪れることができる ※

④ (オ) 4 (カ) 5 (キ) 3 (ク) 2 (ケ) 1 ※

⑤ Ericは夏休みを利用して (コ) 4 つの都市を訪れる予定で、その都市を選んだ理由は ※

(サ) 会うべき多くの人や見るべき多くのものがある大都市に興味がある からだ。 ※

5 ① 出される食事を待ったり食べたりする時間が長く、値段も高いから ※

② 毎日大量の食事（食べ物）が売られているから ※

③ Though fast food contains too much salt, carbohydrates, and fats, ※

it is convenient and economical.

④ 3 ※